Central Valley's Urban News & Current Affairs Spot



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NOTE: Links are active in the PDF online version.

Jones to become first mayor of color in Tulare's 128-year history

November 18, 2016 | ONME Staff



TULARE, CA—So much attention has been toward the controversial national presidential elections that pertinent local Central Valley news on the homefront is being overlooked; current vice-mayor,

Lawmakers to Facebook: Don't let advertisers exclude by race

November 3, 2016| by Eric Umansky ProPublica



Facebook CEO Mark Zuckerberg. (David Paul Morris/Bloomberg via Getty Images)

Four members of Congress wrote Facebook Tuesday demanding that the company stop giving advertisers the option of excluding by ethnic group.

The letter came in response to ProPublica's story that Facebook allows advertisers to not show ads to those with an "ethnic affinity" for various minority groups. We bought an ad in Facebook's housing categories that excluded those with an "affinity" for African-American, Asian-American, or Hispanic people.

"This is in direct violation of the Fair Housing Act of 1968 and it is our strong desire to see Facebook address this issue immediately," wrote the lawmakers, who are members of the Congressional Black Caucus.

Under the Fair Housing Act, it's illegal to "to make, print, or publish, or cause to be made, printed, or published any notice, statement, or advertisement, with respect to the sale or rental of a dwelling that indicates any preference, limitation, or discrimination based on race, color, religion, sex, handicap, familial status, or national origin." Violators face tens of thousands of dollars in fines.

Carlton Jones, will become the first mayor of color in Tulare's 128 year history.

Jones' official mayoral selection and ceremony will occur at the Tulare City Council meeting Dec. 6th at 7:00 PM.

As the incumbent for the Tulare City Council Member District 3 seat, Jones won the 2016 election overwhelmingly by over 70% of the vote.

Jones is married, has four sons and four daughters. He graduated from Tulare Western High School, and attended Sacramento State University to complete his degree in physical therapy.

Jones then completed the Visalia Fire Academy where he was first employed at the Tulare City Fire Department, and is now currently serving the Fresno City Fire Department.

In the community,
Jones is known as a
coach for a variety of
youth sports teams and
a mentor. Last year he
received the "Passing
the Torch Award' at the
2016 Trailblazer Awards



hosted by the African-American Museum in Fresno, CA for his dedication to the community.

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(PDF: Click here for ad above.)

Facebook says it polices advertising on its platform. "If we learn of advertising on our platform that involves this kind of discrimination, we will take aggressive enforcement action," the company wrote in a blog post this weekend.

Our ad was approved in 15 minutes.

"Facebook is complicit in promoting restrictive housing practices," the lawmakers wrote. They called on Facebook founder and CEO Mark Zuckerberg to "remedy this matter swiftly and responsibly."

In response to the letter, Facebook said in a statement: "We've heard from groups and policy makers who are concerned about some of the ways our targeting tools could be used by advertisers. We are listening and working to better understand these concerns."

Like many social sites, Facebook offers advertisers the ability to target users by very specific interests or traits. That is particularly valuable for advertisers since it allows them to reach only those they think will be interested, and, conversely, to not spend money reaching those who won't be.

Both Twitter and Google do not allow ad targeting by race.

Facebook has said that it has not been targeting by race, but rather simply to those with an "affinity" for various ethnic groups. "Affinity" for "African American," "Asian American," and "Hispanic" all appear under the Demographics category. Caucasian doesn't – but it is in "additional interests."

https://www.propublica.org/article/lawmakers-to-facebook-dont-let-advertisers-exclude-by-race



(PDF: Click ad here.)

The ONME Network's new live coffee shop talk-show format adds more online TV shows for its fall and winter line-up

The ONME Network has expanded its viewership to TV dongles for use throughout the Valley

November 21, 2016 | ONME Staff

(FRESNO, CA) – Tis the season to get it right – *The ONME Network* has finally scored an idea to leverage its Central Valley and online urban audiences using coffee shops, live streaming TV, and branded TV dongles.

As YouTube surges as the number one video platform for content producers and owners, the crest of television remains dominant in households across the nation, leaving these producers as lurking outsiders waiting for a chaotic boom.

The transition period of offline -TV watching to online-TV watching is a slow trend that has no expiration date; instead *The ONME Network* found a way to mesh the two in one via TV dongle, "The AMPTV-LUX, allowing viewers to see content



24 hours a day, seven days a week by simply attaching the plug and play device into the back of the TV—while not interrupting the viewer's current cable TV set-up.



A reconciliation of sources & brief analysis for Nov 8 results

November 12, 2016 | Special to ONME - Julius (JD)

| 2016 Voter Demographic Results | Donald Trump | Hillary Clinton |
|--------------------------------|--------------|--------------------|
| Registered Democrat | 9 % | 89 % |
| Registered Republican | 90 % | 7 % |
| Registered Independent | 48 % | 42 % |

| Total votes for Donald Trump | 59,418,103 |
|---------------------------------|------------|
| Total votes for Hillary Clinton | 59,623,049 |

Blue Wall States of Michigan, Pennsylvania, and Wisconsin helped to win the election for Trump on November 8, 2016.

A reconciliation of information sources and brief scenario pertaining to the November 8th results are below.

Julius (JD)

Michigan Voting Scenario as a Blue-Wall-State:

As the nation absorbs one of the most stunning upset in U.S. presidential history, here's some of the highlights of the Michigan results.

0.3 percent: That was Donald Trump's margin of victory in Michigan, per tentative results posted on the Michigan Secretary of State website. The website showed Trump with 2,277,914 votes, or 47.6 percent of the total, and Hillary Clinton with 2,264,807, or 47.33 percent.

65 percent: Registered voters who cast a ballot. That compares to 64 percent in 2012. A total of 4.9 million voters participated in the election, compared to 4.8 million four years ago.

87,810: Number of voters this election who cast a ballo but did not cast a vote for president. That compares to 49,840 under-votes for president in 2012.

With the overall television industry focus on hyper-local programming via television and online programming, *The ONME Network* is looking forward to providing online viewers and the at-home audience quality live programming from throughout the Central Valley.

Most of the network's current national programming is provided by its mother network, AMPTV; meanwhile, *The ONME Network* continues to grow its Central Valley programming, adding new daily morning show, *WE Up!* featuring veteran comedian Feather Da-Wyz and news expert Julia Dudley Najieb; *Grow Your Money* with financial experts Viva Straughter and Terry Lamb, along with the continued



successful national, Fresno-grown online TV and radio show, *Valley Black Talk Radio*.

In January 2017 another new edition to the lineup includes show, *Life Experience* with experienced life coach, who also has an extensive ministerial background, **George Straughter**.

The ONME Network has also created alliances and satellite locations in Bakersfield, Hanford, and Merced areas to be included on the network starting in the winter season.

So why a coffee shop in a talk show studio format?

It's all part of the hyper-local feel to bring in the audience.

The owners of AMPTV are also owners of a locally hidden coffee shop over the past two years, who were looking for ways to reinvent their



branding and marketing strategies to derive a customer base that can afford extra for coffee. **5 percent:** Proportion of voters who opted for a third-party candidate in this election, compared to 1 percent in 2012.

56: Percentage of the vote that Clinton won in metro Detroit -- i.e., Wayne, Oakland and Macomb counties. That compares to 69 percent for President Barack Obama in metro Detroit in 2012. Trump got 40 percent of the 2016 vote. The three counties accounted for 39 percent of total ballots cast in this election.

52: Percentage of the vote that Trump won in outstate Michigan compared to 42 percent for Clinton. Trump's large margin of victories in rural counties were somewhat offset by Clinton's wins in urban counties such as Genesee and Washtenaw.

48: Number of counties where Trump got at least 60 percent of the vote. His biggest margin of victory was in Missaukee County, where he got 74 percent of the ballots.

60: Counties where Clinton got less than 40 percent of the vote. That compares to 10 counties in 2012 where Obama got less than 40 percent.

74: Number of Michigan's 83 counties won by Trump. The nine counties that went for Clinton: Wayne, Oakland, Genesee, Washtenaw, Ingham, Kalamazoo, Muskegon, Marquette and Isabella. Clinton's greatest margin of victory was in Washtenaw, where she won 68 percent of the vote.

11: Number of counties that voted for Obama in 2012 and Trump in 2016. They are Macomb, Saginaw, Bay, Monroe, Shiawassee, Calhoun, Eaton, Van Buren, Lake Manistee and Gogebic.

60: Number of counties with more ballots cast in 2016 compared to 2012.

Looking at the promise of filming live quality shows to bring in a hungry and thirsty viewing audience, the **coffee shop talk-show** format is one method they intend to explore

this fall and winter seasons. In fact, AMPTV also saw it as a way for other resembling business models in other cities to do the same

- thus The



ONME Network continues to grow partners amongst other struggling urban business cafes desiring more foot traffic, by allowing the filming of live shows with an engaged audience.

The concept is there, and now the trial begins.

Other Central Valley cities are welcoming the the

Other Central Valley cities are welcoming the thought; *The ONME Network* plans on using this model with its affiliates throughout California.



(PDF: Click ad above okay)

About the November 8, 2016 Election Day Turnouts ...

November 10, 2016 | Special to ONME - Julius (JD)

Presidential Election November 8, 2016 Voters

(JD compilation

Voting Turnout Statistics

| 2016 Presidential Election Voter Statistics | Data |
|--|-------------|
| Data accurate as of 11.9.16 (11:00 am PST) | |
| Total number of early ballots cast | 47,000,000 |
| Total number of votes cast in the Hillary vs. Trump election | 128,843,000 |
| Voter turnout rate | 55.6 % |
| View Voter Turnout Rates by State Below this Who-Voted-Table | |

| 2016 Presidential Election Results | Data |
|---|------------|
| Number of electoral votes for Donald Trump | 279 |
| Number of electoral votes for Hillary Clinton | 228 |
| Total votes for Donald Trump | 59,418,103 |
| Total number of eligible voters | 59,623,049 |
| Senate seats won by Republicans | 51 |
| Senate seats won by Democrats | 47 |
| House seats won by Republicans | 239 |
| House seats won by Democrats | 192 |
| State with the highest percent of voter turnout - New Hampshire | 68.7 % |
| State with the lowest percent of voter turnout - Hawaii | 36.9 % |

It's always good to know something about voter demographics in a presidential election, such as this high-stakes election of Tuesday November 8, 2016.

For example: out of 231,556,622 eligible voters across the United States, 128,843,000 ballots were counted. This indicates a voter turnout of only 55.6%.

The attached table provides demographics on how people voted and reasons for not voting. It also provides information on voter turnouts by state.

For example: California shows a 43.5% voter turnout with 11,000,000 ballots counted out of 25,278,803 eligible voters. More counts may be added later.

This information is food for thought as you grapple with the realities of who won the presidential election and why. Perhaps it inspires voter motivation strategies for the future.

Julius (JD)

Black doctors charge medical racial profiling

October 21, 2016 | New America Media, News Analysis, Earl Ofari Hutchinson



LOS ANGELES, CA--A group of Black doctors in Los Angeles and throughout California have been waging a long, valiant, and lonely fight against a practice which has had disastrous effects on the quality of medical care in poor, and underserved communities and harmful consequences for the doctors. The practice is medical racial profiling. This is a systematic pattern and practice of harassment, license suspensions, administrative hearings, reprimands, and write-ups of black doctors in far greater numbers than white doctors. The prime culprit the doctors say is the California Medical Board responsible for oversight over the state's medical practitioners, and which has taken the disproportionate disciplinary action against Black doctors.

Nearly a decade ago the Board released the first of its kind study that found a glaring gap in the number of Black and Latino physicians in the state. But it was the number, or lack of numbers, of Black doctors that was especially eye popping. The study found a grand total of 2000 black doctors actively practicing statewide. That totaled about 3 percent of the state's physicians. The board called the shortage a "massive problem."

The problem is still just as massive. There's no evidence that the number of Black doctors has increased appreciably, and some evidence that the shortfall has gotten worse. The American Medical Assn. in yet another study in 2013 of the minority

| 2016 Voter Demographic Results | Donald Trump | Hillary Clinton |
|--------------------------------|--------------|--------------------|
| College Graduates | 52 % | 43 % |
| No college degree | 52 % | 44 % |
| Male | 53 % | 41 % |
| Female | 42 % | 54 % |
| Age 18 – 29 | 37 % | 55 % |
| Age 30 – 44 | 50 % | 42 % |
| Age 45-64 | 53 % | 44 % |
| 65 + | 52 % | 45 % |
| White | 58 % | 37 % |
| Black | 8 % | 88 % |
| Hispanic | 29 % | 65 % |
| Asian | 29 % | 65 % |
| Registered Democrat | 89 % | 9 % |
| Registered Republican | 90 % | 7 % |
| Registered Independent | 48 % | 42 % |

| Voter Registration Statistics | Data |
|--|-------------|
| Percent of Americans who said they would be voting in the 2016 presidential election | 69 % |
| Percent of Americans who said they would be voting in the 2012 presidential election | 76 % |
| Total number of Americans eligible to vote | 218,959,000 |
| Total number of Americans registered to vote | 146,311,000 |
| Total number of Americans who voted in the 2012 Presidential election | 126,144,000 |
| Percent of Americans who voted in the 2012 Presidential election | 57.5 % |
| State with the highest voter turnout rate (Minnesota) | 75 % |
| State with the lowest voter turnout rate (Utah) | 53.1 % |

| State | Percent Voted | Total Ballots Counted | Total Eligible | Voting-Age Population | Non-Ci tizen | Total Ineligible Felons |
|------------------|------------------|--------------------------|----------------|--------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|
| Nebraska | 59.1% | 800,000 | 1,353,558 | 1,440,465 | 5.1% | 13,534 |
| Nevada | 58.4% | 1,150,000 | 1,970,426 | 2,282,757 | 12.6% | 25,199 |
| New Hampshire | 68.7% | 715,000 | 1,041,147 | 1,075,861 | 3.0% | 2,867 |
| New Jersey | 60.7% | 3,700,000 | 6,093,144 | 7,003,323 | 11.6% | 100,047 |
| New Mexico | 54.8% | 800,000 | 1,459,901 | 1,594,305 | 7.3% | 18,128 |
| New York | 51.1% | 7,000,000 | 13,693,128 | 15,675,178 | 12.0% | 93,265 |
| North Carolina | 63.5% | 4,650,000 | 7,317,507 | 7,879,993 | 5.9% | 96,665 |
| North Dakota | 57.9% | 337,000 | 582,534 | 599,062 | 2.5% | 1,700 |
| Ohio | 61.7% | 5,400,000 | 8,753,269 | 9,023,729 | 2.4% | 51,024 |
| Oklahoma | 52.1% | 1,455,000 | 2,792,423 | 2,982,904 | 4.8% | 46,208 |
| Oregon | 64.0% | 1,925,000 | 3,006,638 | 3,237,993 | 6.7% | 15,075 |
| Pennsylvania | 61.4% | 5,975,000 | 9,737,690 | 10,146,780 | 3.5% | 49,643 |
| Rhode Island | 52.8% | 415,000 | 786,111 | 849,165 | 7.0% | 3,294 |
| South Carolina | 54.0% | 2,000,000 | 3,702,997 | 3,880,323 | 3.4% | 45,796 |
| South Dakota | 58.5% | 370,000 | 632,098 | 652,981 | 2.3% | 6,139 |
| Tennessee | 51.0% | 2,500,000 | 4,900,137 | 5,166,504 | 3.7% | 77,245 |
| Texas | 50.0% | 8,750,000 | 17,514,961 | 20,812,008 | 13.5% | 486,110 |
| Utah | 48.9% | 975,000 | 1,993,581 | 2,142,938 | 6.7% | 6,824 |
| Vermont | 57.4% | 285,000 | 496,439 | 507,643 | 2.2% | 0 |
| Virginia | 64.8% | 3,925,000 | 6,061,032 | 6,586,434 | 6.9% | 69,456 |
| Washington | 62.5% | 3,200,000 | 5,123,524 | 5,691,442 | 8.6% | 79,928 |
| West Virginia | 49.3% | 705,000 | 1,430,308 | 1,457,003 | 0.9% | 13,639 |
| Wisconsin | 68.1% | 2,925,000 | 4,295,057 | 4,502,492 | 3.1% | 67,986 |
| Wyoming | 58.0% | 250,000 | 431,011 | 449,055 | 2.7% | 5,955 |

doctor shortage flatly declared in a headline "Black Men increasingly hard to find in Medical Schools." How hard? It found that less than 3 percent of medical school applicants were Black males and this was a drop from the number of black men in medical schools a decade earlier. During the same period the number of Black doctors also took a nosedive.

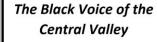
The chronic and seemingly growing crisis in the number of Black doctors and the inevitable plunge in medical services in poor and minority communities spurred the L.A. County Medical Assn. in 2013 to establish an African-American Physicians Advisory Committee. The committee is tasked with improving the quality of medical care in underserved communities. Countless reports, surveys, and studies have found that Black doctors are far more likely than white doctors to establish practices, and provide health care, in black communities, and that African-American patients have expressed greater confidence in and satisfaction with the quality of care that they provide.

However, the insidious issue that has could cast a damaging cloud over the profession remains the excessive discipline of Black doctors. They are particularly vulnerable because they deal with a greater number of federally mandated and insured medical plans and programs, the most the biggest being Medi-Cal. They deal with a much greater number of lower-income, and even indigent patients than white doctors. The programs are subject to much greater state and federal scrutiny and regulation than private plans and medical treatment by wealthy patients who can afford to pay for care out of pocket. The doctors say that their being held to far more rigid standards of scrutiny than white doctors have had a noticeable chilling effect on the medical practices of many of the doctors. Some doctors have filed separate lawsuits and damage claims against the Board and the state and have talked of a class action lawsuit.

The Black American Political Assn. of California and the National Medical Assn. has lambasted the Board for the profiling of African-American doctors and has demanded that Governor Brown and Attorney General Kamala Harris take action. A proposed settlement has been talked in lieu of a major and costly litigation against the Board that includes compensation for damages and a tight review of the

This table shows the total votes cast in the 2016 Presidential Election. It also includes the percent of the U.S. population who cannot vote because they are either a non-citizen or felon.

| State | Percent | Total Ballots | T-4-1 E11-9-1 | Voting-Age | Non-Ci | Total |
|-------------------------|---------|---------------|----------------|-------------|--------|----------------------|
| State | Voted | Counted | Total Eligible | Population | tizen | Ineligible Felons |
| United States | 55.6% | 128,843,000 | 231,556,622 | 251,107,404 | 8.4% | 3,242,614 |
| Overseas Eligible | | | 4,739,596 | | | |
| Alabama | 57.1% | 2,060,000 | 3,606,103 | 3,773,719 | 2.6% | 69,826 |
| Alaska | 60.6% | 315,000 | 519,501 | 554,802 | 4.3% | 11,389 |
| Arizona | 47.5% | 2,250,000 | 4,738,332 | 5,332,446 | 9.5% | 86,028 |
| Arkansas | 52.4% | 1,125,000 | 2,148,441 | 2,290,976 | 3.8% | 55,287 |
| California | 43.5% | 11,000,000 | 25,278,803 | 30,523,307 | 16.7% | 136,088 |
| Colorado | 65.3% | 2,600,000 | 3,978,892 | 4,319,529 | 7.2% | 29,188 |
| Connecticut | 58.3% | 1,500,000 | 2,572,337 | 2,834,267 | 8.6% | 18,677 |
| Delaware | 64.2% | 445,000 | 693,659 | 755,123 | 6.0% | 16,073 |
| District of Columbia | 54.4% | 281,000 | 516,771 | 568,165 | 9.0% | 0 |
| Florida | 64.0% | 9,350,000 | 14,601,373 | 16,601,383 | 10.7% | 227,359 |
| Georgia | 57.8% | 4,025,000 | 6,958,725 | 7,852,857 | 7.1% | 339,844 |
| Hawaii | 36.9% | 380,000 | 1,029,072 | 1,133,641 | 8.7% | 5,721 |
| Idaho | 52.5% | 610,000 | 1,161,211 | 1,247,038 | 4.4% | 30,850 |
| Illinois | 59.8% | 5,375,000 | 8,983,758 | 9,913,610 | 8.9% | 46,465 |
| Indiana | 55.8% | 2,710,000 | 4,860,929 | 5,073,952 | 3.6% | 28,638 |
| Iowa | 67.5% | 1,550,000 | 2,297,129 | 2,413,678 | 3.5% | 31,215 |
| Kansas | 52 % | 1,075,000 | 2,065,761 | 2,206,389 | 5.4% | 22,521 |
| Kentucky | 58.7% | 1,925,000 | 3,276,707 | 3,430,201 | 2.5% | 68,431 |
| Louisiana | 59.9% | 2,030,000 | 3,391,431 | 3,582,215 | 2.8% | 90,448 |
| Maine | 68.5% | 725,000 | 1,058,306 | 1,075,396 | 1.6% | 0 |
| Maryland | 59.5% | 2,500,000 | 4,202,282 | 4,701,258 | 9.0% | 76,467 |
| Massachusetts | 61.8% | 3,075,000 | 4,978,165 | 5,477,195 | 8.9% | 10,014 |
| Michigan | 62.6% | 4,650,000 | 7,431,589 | 7,754,185 | 3.6% | 42,900 |
| Minnesota | 68.0% | 2,700,000 | 3,972,330 | 4,245,020 | 4.7% | 71,335 |
| Mississippi | 52.8% | 1,150,000 | 2,177,349 | 2,269,052 | 1.9% | 47,902 |
| Missouri | 61.9% | 2,800,000 | 4,519,978 | 4,720,503 | 2.6% | 76,417 |
| Montana | 53.5% | 430,000 | 803,833 | 817,161 | 1.2% | 3,681 |





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Board's discipline practices and medical standards enforcement.

A decade ago the AMA was so alarmed by the worsening crisis in the number of Black doctors that it co-founded the Commission to End Health Care Disparities with the National Medical Assn., an African-American physician's advocacy group, to figure out ways to increase the number of Black doctors. It has lobbied for an increase in federal funding for programs specifically geared to train minority students in medical and health profession careers and it even has filed briefs with the Supreme Court urging it not to eliminate race as a factor in student admissions to medical schools. These are important steps to take. However, they will be wasted efforts, without a fair, unbiased, and even handed standard state medical oversight agencies, such as the California Medical Board, deal with the physicians its charged with policing. Medical racial profiling is anything but that.

Earl Ofari Hutchinson is an author and political analyst. He is a weekly co-host of the Al Sharpton Show on American Urban Radio Network. He is the author of How Obama Governed: The Year of Crisis and Challenge. He is an associate editor of New America Media. He is host of the weekly Hutchinson Report Newsmaker Hour heard weekly on the nationally network broadcast Hutchinson Newsmaker Network.

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| Voter Registration by Demographics | Percent |
|------------------------------------|---------|
| Male | 69.1 |
| Female | 72.8 |
| White | 73.5 |
| Black | 69.7 |
| Asian | 55.3 |
| Asian | 33.3 |
| Hispanic | 59.4 |
| Age 18 to 24 | 58.5 |
| Age 25 to 34 | 66.4 |
| Age 35 to 44 | 69.9 |
| Age 45 to 54 | 73.5 |
| Age 55 to 64 | 76.6 |
| Age 65 to 74 | 78.1 |
| Age 75 or older | 76.6 |
| Less than high school graduate | 50.5 |
| High school graduate | 64.1 |
| Some college | 75.3 |
| Bachelor's degree | 81.2 |
| Advanced degree | 85.8 |
| Income less than \$20,000 | 63.7 |
| \$20,000 to \$29,999 | 67.1 |
| \$30,000 to \$39,999 | 71.1 |
| \$40,000 to \$49,999 | 72.6 |
| \$50,000 to \$74,999 | 78.2 |
| \$75,000 to \$99,999 | 81.9 |
| \$100,000 and over | 79.6 |
| Owns home | 74.5 |
| Rents home | 60.1 |

| Top Reasons Cited for Not Voting | Percent |
|--|---------|
| Too busy conflicting schedule | 17.5 % |
| Illness or disability | 14.9 % |
| Not interested | 13.4 % |
| Did not like candidates or campaign issues | 12.9 % |
| Other | 11.3 % |
| Out of town | 8.8 % |
| Don't know | 7 % |
| Registration problems | 6 % |
| Inconvenient polling place | 2.7 % |
| Transportation problems | 2.6 % |
| Forgot | 2.6 % |
| Bad weather | 0.2 % |

Statistic Sources & Reference

Sources: U.S Census Bureau: Voting and Registration

Content Author: Statistic Brain

Date research was conducted: November 9, 2016

Voting Turnout Statistics

Government